Reflections from Different Perspectives of Leadership Executing Major Changes in West Virginia's Largest Health System



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Rick Vaglienti, MD, MBA

Director

WVU Center for Integrative

Pain Management





Introduction to the WVU Medicine Center for Integrative Pain Medicine

Rick Vaglienti MD, MBA

Medical Director

Associate Professor Anesthesiology, Behavioral Medicine and Psychiatry and Neurosciences

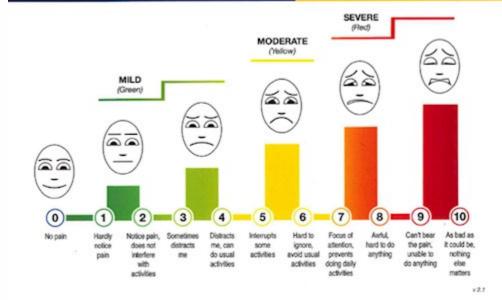
Program Director WVU Pain Fellowship

Opened May 2017

- Response to the opioid crisis
- Providing alternative treatment to decrease or eliminate opioid use as well as conventional pain treatment
- Partnership with DoD sharing material and ideas
- Leading edge regionally for integrated care
- Innovation in treatment and research/teaching (i.e. Fast Track Spine Care, Pain Fellowship, Telemedicine)
- DVPRS



Pain Rating Scale



Supplemental Questions

For clinicians to evaluate the biopsychosocial impact of pain

1. Circle the one number that describes how, during the past 24 hours, pain has interfered with your usual ACTIVITY:

0 ____ 1 ___ 2 ___ 3 ___ 4 ___ 5 ___ 6 ___ 7 ___ 8 ___ 9 ___ 10

Does not interfere

Completely interferes

2. Circle the one number that describes how, during the past 24 hours, pain has interfered with your SLEEP:

0 - 1 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 5 - 6 - 7 - 8 - 9 - 10

Does not interfere

Does not affect

Completely interferes

3. Circle the one number that describes how, during the past 24 hours, pain has affected your MOOD:

0 - 1 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 5 - 6 - 7 - 8 - 9 - 10

4. Circle the one number that describes how, during the past 24 hours, pain has contributed to your STRESS:

0 - 1 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 5 - 6 - 7 - 8 - 9 - 10

Does not contribute

Contributes a great deal

Specialties Involved

- Pain Medicine Physicians
- Advanced Practice Providers
- Radiology Technicians
- Nurses
- Medical Assistants
- Chiropractors/Acupuncture (BFA)
- Exercise Physiologists
- Psychologists/Social workers
- Addiction Psychiatrist
- Massage Therapy
- Dietitian
- Case Managers/Insurance Specialists
- Support Staff













WVUMedicine



CENTER FOR INTEGRATIVE PAIN MANAGEMENT

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Movement Therapy:

The important use of active and functional care

Julianne Speeney M.S., NASM-CES, NASE-CSS

Exercise Physiologist of Rehabilitation Sciences

WVU Medicine

Center for Integrative Pain Management

Overview

Work for Function

The use of Functional Rehabilitation for the Chronic Pain Patient

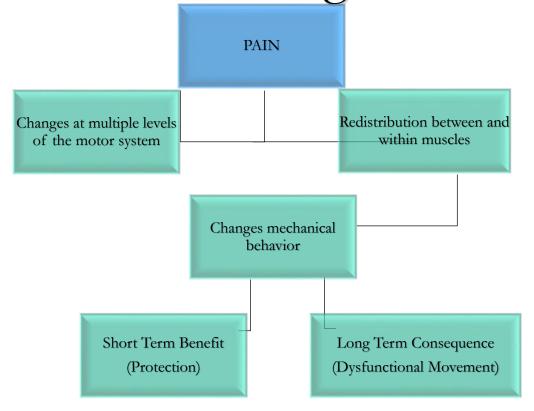
Raise the Bar

The use of
Telemedicine during
the COVID-19
Pandemic

Call to Action

The use of Movement
Therapy and other
neuromuscular services for
Physical Stress Reduction
for Frontline Health Care
Providers

Mechanical Changes of Pain



The use of Functional Rehabilitation for the Chronic Pain Patient

Focuses on:

- 1. Physical Fitness
- 2. Functionality
 - Principles
 - o Identify
 - o Create
 - o Correct
 - o Achieve
 - Phases
 - o Functional Movement
 - o 2 stages
 - o Functional Performance
 - o Functional Skill

Phase 1

Stage 1 - Mobility and Stability

<u>Improved</u>

- *Posture
- *Joint stability and mobility
- *Core Stability
 - *Muscular imbalances
- *Initial psychological adaptation to exercise

Phase 1

Stage 2 - Movement

Develop:

- *5 Primary Movements
- *Dynamic balance
- *Mobile Stability & Stable Mobility

Phase 2
Performance/Load

Train:

- * Movement with external loads
- *Muscular force production
- *Maintain dynamic warm-up

Phase 3 Skill

Accent:

- *Activity/
 event specific
- *Velocity of force production
- *Speed-agilityquicknessreactivity

Exercise Progression



- Fine tune sport and position specific needs
- Develop explosive power, speed, and agility
- Learn strategies to reach your potential
- Includes adult and youth athletes in professional and recreational settings, sports specific program, competitive running, triathlon, and Obstacle Course Race (OCR) training

3. Fitness

- Improve body composition (build lean muscle mass, lose fat)
- · Build strength and beat personal records
- · Challenge the cardiovascular system based on goals and needs

2. Total Health Management

- Implement cardiovascular programming for general health & weight management
- Develop muscular endurance
- Learn/use proper joint function
- · Increase mobility or stability, as needed

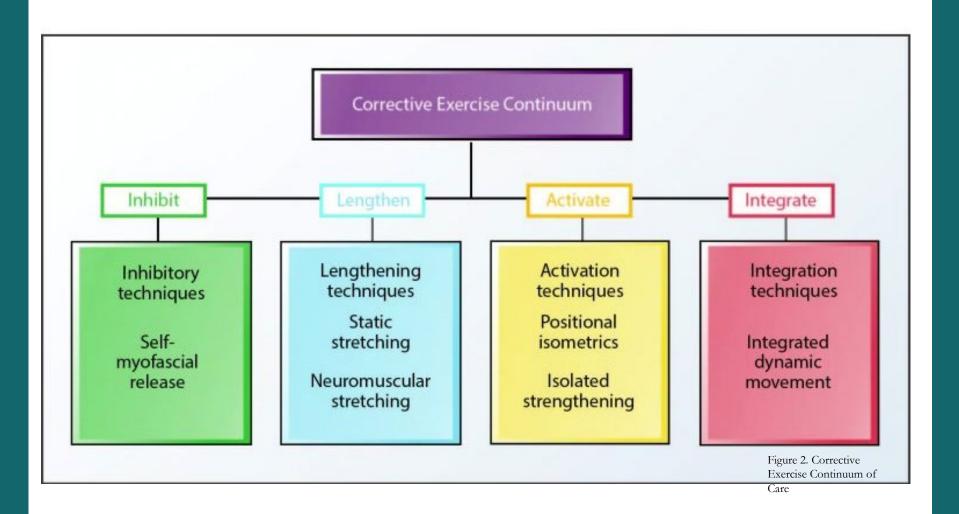
1. Corrective Exercise



- Correct imbalances to reduce the risk of injury and improve performance potential
- Build a foundation for functional, safe, and efficient movement

Figure 1. Pyramid of exercise progression and use of Corrective

Exercise



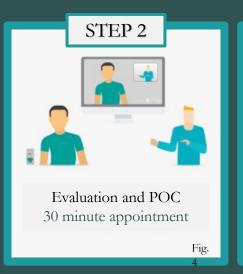
Why is Corrective Exercise Important?

NASM Corrective Exercise Values and Uses

- 1. Offers a recovery "workout"
 - o Movement pattern correction, Recovery and Self-Care (adaptations)
- 2. Restores and encourages proper movement
 - o Technique and longevity improvement, "wear/tear" and injury reduction
 - o "Return to Play" (specificity and rebalance)
- 3. Prepares the body for High-Low Volume to Intensity Changes
 - o Performance Enhancement (Movement Preparation)
 - o Moving dynamically, walking up steps, etc.

Raise the Bar The use of Telemedicine during COVID-19





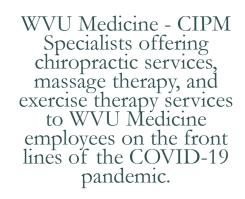




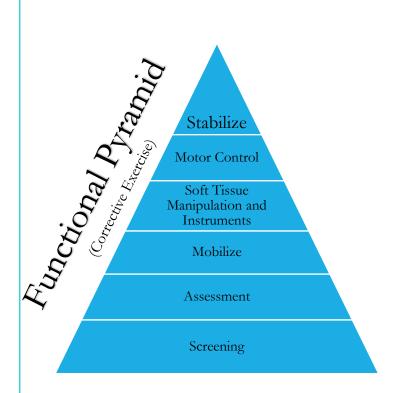
Figures 3-6.
Demonstration of Telehealth



Physical Stress Reduction Services during COVID-19



Key Takeaways



ONE:

Work for FUNCTION through the principles of Identify, Create, Correct, & Achieve

THREE:

Encourage proper movement patterns to minimize dysfunctions

TWO:

Start low and slow, then gradually grow

FOUR:

Utilize all resources to reach patients for inperson or telemedicine visits

FIVE:

Help the patient to adapt, specify and rebalance, and prepare for movement.

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Thank You



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